

WASDE – July 12, 2022

SUGAR: Estimated U.S. ending sugar stocks for 2021/22 are increased 64,410 short tons, raw value (STRV) to 1,781,774, as an increase in supply is only partially offset by an increase in use. USDA estimates imports to increase by 217,197 STRV. On July 1, the Department of Commerce increased the 2021/22 Mexico export limit by 135,000 STRV. This is counted as "Additional U.S. Needs Sugar" that has a polarity of less than 99.5 degrees, meaning that it is considered as raw sugar. All of this sugar is projected to enter in 2021/22. Last week USDA increased the 2021/22 raw sugar TRQ by 99,999 STRV and also extended the period for this sugar to enter the United States until the end of October. Although USTR has not yet allocated the TRQ to supplying countries, USDA projects that 38,270 STRV will enter in September for 2021/22 and 55,115 will enter in October for 2022/23 with the remainder adding to the raw sugar TRQ shortfall. USDA increased its estimate of high-tier tariff imports by 43,927 STRV to 278,436 on additional highduty raw sugar entering in June and on an increase in the expected pace of high-duty refined sugar entering for the remainder of the year. Other than imports, supply is slightly decreased by a reduction in Florida cane sugar production only partially offset by a small increase in beet sugar production as reported by processors.

A partial offset to the supply increase comes from a 150,000 STRV increase in deliveries for human consumption to 12,600,000. The delivery pace for the first 8 months of the fiscal year is up 3.9 percent compared with the same period average for the 5 preceding years. The strong pace of deliveries is expected to continue into 2022/23 for a period of time and is presently projected to add 75,000 STRV to bring the total up to 12,525,000.

Projected beet sugar production in 2022/23 is increased by 124,335 STRV to 4,933,728 based on the 3.1 percent increase in NASS estimated planted area in the June 30 Acreage report over that indicated in Prospective Plantings at the end of March. Most notably, area planted in the Upper Midwest is estimated 7.4 percent higher than in Prospective Plantings as additional area was planted to compensate for expected low yields due to delays in planting in May. Sugarbeet harvested area is projected at 1,146,100 acres, up 3.5 percent over last year. Yield and recovery parameters, as well as August-September production (500,000 STRV), are unchanged from last month.

Imports for 2022/23 are projected at 3,501,025 STRV, an increase of 487,829 over last month. As indicated above, some of the increase is due to additional raw sugar entering in October from the increase in the 2021/22 raw sugar TRQ. Sugar entering under the 2022/23 TRQs is still projected at the minimum levels with the WTO and FTA bindings and with a raw sugar TRQ shortfall projected at 99,208 STRV. To date there has been no announcement regarding additional specialty TRQ sugar. Given these aforementioned 2022/23 projections and under the terms of the AD/CVD Suspension Agreements, sugar imported from Mexico would be expected to be projected at a level resulting in an ending U.S. stocks-to-use ratio of 13.5 percent assuming sufficient Mexican sugar for export after meeting domestic requirements in Mexico. Because USDA is not making any changes to Mexico supply and use projections for 2022/23 at this time, the implied maximum sugar available for export to the U.S. is projected at 1,756,180 STRV. This is less than the 1,900,775 STRV needed to a result in ending stocks of 1,709,775 for a 13.5 percent stocks-to-use ratio.



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WASDE - 626 - 16 U.S. Sugar Supply and Use 1/

| | 2020/21 | 2020/21 2021/22 Est. | | 2022/23 Proj. | |
|------------------------|---------|----------------------|-----------|---------------|--|
| | | | Jun | Jul | |
| | | | | | |
| D : : G 1 | | 1,000 Short Tons, | Raw Value | | |
| Beginning Stocks | 1618 | 1705 | 1717 | 1782 | |
| Production 2/ | 9233 | 9118 | 8822 | 8947 | |
| Beet Sugar | 5092 | 5156 | 4809 | 4934 | |
| Cane Sugar | 4141 | 3961 | 4013 | 4013 | |
| Florida | 2090 | 1933 | 2000 | 2000 | |
| Louisiana | 1918 | 1906 | 1910 | 1910 | |
| Texas | 134 | 122 | 103 | 103 | |
| Imports | 3195 | 3699 | 3013 | 3501 | |
| TRQ 3/ | 1749 | 1766 | 1390 | 1445 | |
| Other Program 4/ | 292 | 300 | 250 | 250 | |
| Non-program | 1154 | 1634 | 1373 | 1806 | |
| Mexico | 968 | 1355 | 1323 | 1756 | |
| High-tier tariff/other | 186 | 278 | 50 | 50 | |
| Total Supply | 14046 | 14522 | 13553 | 14229 | |
| Exports | 49 | 35 | 35 | 35 | |
| Deliveries | 12252 | 12705 | 12555 | 12630 | |
| Food | 12135 | 12600 | 12450 | 12525 | |
| Other 5/ | 116 | 105 | 105 | 105 | |
| Miscellaneous | 40 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Total Use | 12341 | 12740 | 12590 | 12665 | |
| Ending Stocks | 1705 | 1782 | 963 | 1564 | |
| Stocks to Use Ratio | | | | | |
| Stories to Coo Italio | 13.8 | 14 | 7.6 | 12.4 | |

1/ Fiscal years beginning Oct 1. Data and projections correspond to category components from "Sweetener Market Data" (SMD). 2/ Production projections for 2021/22 and 2022/23 are based on Crop Production and/or processor projections/industry data and/or sugar ICEC analysis where appropriate. 3/ For 2021/22, WTO raw sugar TRQ shortfall (77) and for 2022/23 (99). 4/ Composed of sugar under the re-export and polyhydric alcohol programs. 5/ Transfers accompanying deliveries for sugar-containing products to be exported (SCP) and polyhydric alcohol manufacture (POLY), and deliveries for livestock feed and ethanol. Total refiner license transfers for SCP and POLY inclusive of WASDE-reported deliveries: 2020/21 -- 298; estimated 2021/22 -- 314; projected 2022/23 -- 315



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Mexico Sugar Supply and Use and High Fructose Corn Syrup Consumption 1/

| | | Beginning Stocks | Production | Imports | Domestic 2/ | Exports | Ending Stocks |
|---------------------------------|------------|---------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|------------------|
| Sugar 2021/22 Est. | Jun Jul | 1053 1053 | 6208 6180 | 1,000 Metric Tons, 50 50 | Actual Weight 4547 4547 | 1817 1789 | 947 947 |
| 2022/23 Proj. | Jun Jul | 947 947 | 6000 6000 | 50 50 | 4547 4547 | 1503 1503 | 947 947 |

1/ HFCS consumption by Mexico (1,000 metric tons, dry basis): 2020/21 = 1,320; Estimated 2020/21 = 1,310; Projected 2022/23 = 1,317; Estimated Oct - May 2022 = 837, Oct - May 2021 = 870. Footnote source for estimate: Comite Nacional para el Desarollo Sustentable de la Cana de Azucar. 2/Includes deliveries for consumption, Mexico's products export program (IMMEX), and Other Deliveries/Ending Year Statistical Adjustments. IMMEX: 2021/22 (497 est =462 dom.+35 import); 2022/23 (497 proj = 462 dom.+35 import). Statistical Adjustments: 2021/22 (0), 2022/23 (0).